

Employment **First for** lowans with Disabilities

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MOVING ON UP WITH MEPD

Iowa Medicaid Overview

- Iowa currently (11/09) has approximately 357,000 Medicaid Members eligible for full benefits in a given month.
- Child 200,000
- Adult 57,000
- Aged 30,000
- Disabled 70,000
- Additional 55,000 in limited benefit programs
- Another 15,000 kids in **T-XXI** Medicaid Expansion
- Total Medicaid Services ~\$230m per month



Iowa's Medicaid Buy-In **"Medicaid for Employed People** with **Disabilities**"

- Eligible up to 250% of Federal Poverty Level
- Currently 13,600 MEPD Members
- About 24% pay a premium
- Beyond 150%, monthly premium is charged
- Must have some earned income each month
- Earned income tends to be modest
- Average = \$161/month (median = \$30/mo)
- About 60% work less then 10 hours per month, only about 5.6% working more then 80 hours per month.
- Majority are self-employed in Child care, cleaning, and similar "casual jobs".

Do MEPD members have different costs than other disabled members?

Examined claims data Working age adult recipients (age 18 – 64) 36 claims months (July 2007 – June 2009)

Average

ALL Medicaid members Non-MEPD disabled members **MEPD** members

Based on this analysis, it appears that MEPD members are more similar to non-disabled adult members, at least in terms of cost per member.

= \$ 906/month = \$1,752/month = \$ 526/month

Does going to work or working reduce healthcare costs?

- Examined claims data
- Same recipients both on MEPD and a non-MEPD disability eligibility category
- Approximately 5,000 members met the criteria
- While on MEPD, monthly costs per recipient were approximately \$250/month less than when the same members were not on MEPD (and presumably not working).
- It appears that working (on MEPD) costs Medicaid less
- Can't necessarily say that there is a causal relationship

Do those who earn more cost less?

- Looked at MEPD members paying a premium vs. those not paying a premium
- Premium kicks in over 150% Federal Poverty Level
- Premium paying recipients cost the Medicaid program approximately \$65/mo less than those MEPD recipients not paying a premium.
- Looked at MEPD members earning less than \$50/month (61% of all members).
- Within the range of \$0 \$50 per month in earnings, each additional dollar earned is correlated with \$1.05 less in monthly healthcare costs to Medicaid.

Again, No evidence for causality

Summary

- Much research over the years has shown the link between work and health. Analysis of lowa's data suggests evidence for this link, although not proof of causality.
- MEPD members medical costs are more like those of the general working-age adult Medicaid population than other disabled Medicaid members.
- MEPD members with greater earnings have lower healthcare costs.
- MEPD Members who have been on both other Medicaid coverage groups and MEPD have significantly lower costs while on MEPD than when not on MEPD.

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